DR. BABASAHEB AMBEDKAR TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, LONERE.

Winter Examination – 2022

	Winter Examination – 2022				
Course: - B. Tech. Branch: - Common for All branches		nes S	Semester:- III		
Subject Code & Name: BTBS301 Engineering				-III	
Max. M	Date: - 09/03/2023	Duratio	Duration: - 3-Hrs		
Instruct	tions to the Students:				
1. A	All the questions are compulsory.				
2. 1	The level of question/expected answer as per OBE or the Co	ourse Outcome	e (CO) on wh	nich	
ti	he question is based is mentioned in () in front of the question	0 n.			
3. U	<i>Ise of non-programmable scientific calculators is allowed.</i>				
4. A	ssume suitable data wherever necessary and mention it clea	arly.			
		(Level/CO)	Marks		
Q. 1	Solve Any Three of the following.			12	
A)	Find Laplace Transform of $e^{-3t} \sin^2 t$		L3/CO1	4	
B)	Find Laplace Transform of $f(t) = \begin{cases} 1 & 0 < t < 1 \\ 0 & 1 < t < 2 \end{cases}$		L3/CO1	4	
	where $f(t)$ is periodic function of period 2.				
C)	Evaluate using Laplace Transform.: $\int_0^\infty \frac{\cos 4t - \cos 3t}{t} dt$		L3/CO1	4	
	D) Find Laplace Transform of $(1 + 2t - 3t^2 + 4t^3)H(t - 3t^2)$	2) L3/CO1 4			
Q2 Solve Any Three of the following.			12		
A) Find the inverse Laplace transformation of the function. $\log \left(1 + \frac{a^2}{s^2}\right)$			202	4	
B) By u	sing convolution theorem find $L^{-1}\left[\frac{s}{(s^2+4)(s^2+9)}\right]$	L3/C	02	4	
C) Find the inverse Laplace transformation of the function. $\frac{5s^2 - 15s - 11}{(s+1)(s-2)^2}$			O2 4	4	
D) Solv	e using Laplace transformation				
$y'' + 3y' + 2y = t\delta(t - 1)$ for which $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$ L3/CO2				4	

Q.3 Solve Any Three of the following.

A) Using Parseval's identity prove that
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x^2}{(x^2+1)^2} dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$$
 L3/CO3 4

B) Find the Fourier transform of

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - x^2, & |x| \le 1\\ 0, & |x| > 1 \end{cases}$$
 L3/CO3 4

C) Find the Fourier Sine transform e^{-ax} , a > 0

D) Find the Fourier cosine transform of the function $f(y) = \begin{cases} cosy, & 0 < y < a \\ 0, & y > a \end{cases}$ L3/CO3 4

Q.4 Solve Any Three of the following.

A) Form the partial differential equation by eliminating arbitrary constants from L3/CO4 4

$$(x-a)^2 + (y-b)^2 = z^2 \cot^2 \alpha$$

B) Solve the Partial differential equation x(y-z)p + y(z-x)q = z(x-y) L3/CO4 **4**

C) Use the method of separation of variables to solve

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2\frac{\partial u}{\partial t} + u$$
 given that $u(x, 0) = 6e^{-3x}$ L3/CO4 4

D) A bar with insulated at its ends is initially at temperature 0°C throughout. The end x = 0 is kept at 0 °C for all times and the heat is suddenly applied so that $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 10$ at x = t for all time. Find the temperature function u(x, t) L3/CO4 4

Q.5 Solve Any Three of the following.

A) Determine k such that the function $f(z) = e^x \cos y + ie^x \sin ky$ is analytic. L3/CO5 4

- **B)** Show that $u = x^2 y^2 2xy 2x + 3y$ is a harmonic function and L3/CO5 4 hence determine the analytic function f(z) in terms of z.
- C) Determine the pole of the function $f(z) = \frac{2Z-1}{Z(Z+1)(Z-3)}$ and also find the residue at each pole
 - & sum of all residues. L3/CO5 4
- D) EvaluateL3/CO54

$$\oint_{C} \frac{\sin \pi z^{2} + 2z}{(z-1)^{2}(z-2)} dz$$
 , Where C is the circle $|z| = 4$

*** End ***

(12)

(12)

4

L3/CO3